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Centrality and rapidity dependence of inclusive jet production in $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$ TeV proton–lead collisions with the ATLAS detector

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ABSTRACT

Measurements of the centrality and rapidity dependence of inclusive jet production in $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$ TeV proton–lead ($p + \text{Pb}$) collisions and the jet cross-section in $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV proton–proton collisions are presented. These quantities are measured in datasets corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 27.8 nb^{-1} and 4.0 pb^{-1} , respectively, recorded with the ATLAS detector at the Large Hadron Collider in 2013. The $p + \text{Pb}$ collision centrality was characterised using the total transverse energy measured in the pseudorapidity interval $-4.9 < \eta < -3.2$ in the direction of the lead beam. Results are presented for the double-differential per-collision yields as a function of jet rapidity and transverse momentum (p_T) for minimum-bias and centrality-selected $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions, and are compared to the jet rate from the geometric expectation. The total jet yield in minimum-bias events is slightly enhanced above the expectation in a p_T -dependent manner but is consistent with the expectation within uncertainties. The ratios of jet spectra from different centrality selections show a strong modification of jet production at all p_T at forward rapidities and for large p_T at mid-rapidity, which manifests as a suppression of the jet yield in central events and an enhancement in peripheral events. These effects imply that the factorisation between hard and soft processes is violated at an unexpected level in proton–nucleus collisions. Furthermore, the modifications at forward rapidities are found to be a function of the total jet energy only, implying that the violations may have a simple dependence on the hard parton–parton kinematics.

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1. Introduction

Proton–lead ($p + \text{Pb}$) collisions at the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) provide an excellent opportunity to study hard scattering processes involving a nuclear target [1]. Measurements of jet production in $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions provide a valuable benchmark for studies of jet quenching in lead–lead collisions by, for example, constraining the impact of nuclear parton distributions on inclusive jet yields. However, $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions also allow the study of possible violations of the QCD factorisation between hard and soft processes which may be enhanced in collisions involving nuclei.

Previous studies in deuteron–gold ($d + \text{Au}$) collisions at the Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider (RHIC) observed such violations, manifested in the suppressed production of very forward hadrons with transverse momenta up to 4 GeV [2–4]. Studies of forward di-hadron angular correlations at RHIC also showed a much weaker dijet signal in $d + \text{Au}$ collisions than in pp collisions [4,5]. These

effects have been attributed to the saturation of the parton distributions in the gold nucleus [6–8], to the modification of the nuclear parton distribution function [9], to the higher-twist contributions to the cross-section enhanced by the forward kinematics of the measurement [10], or to the presence of a large nucleus [11]. The extended kinematic reach of $p + \text{Pb}$ measurements at the LHC allows the study of hard scattering processes that produce forward hadrons or jets over a much wider rapidity and transverse momentum range. Such measurements can determine whether the factorisation violations observed at RHIC persist at higher energy and, if so, how the resulting modifications vary as a function of particle or jet momentum and rapidity. The results of such measurements could test the competing descriptions of the RHIC results and, more generally, provide new insight into the physics of hard scattering processes involving a nuclear target.

This paper reports the centrality dependence of inclusive jet production in $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions at a nucleon–nucleon centre-of-mass energy $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$ TeV. The measurement was performed using a dataset corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 27.8 nb^{-1} recorded in 2013. The $p + \text{Pb}$ jet yields were

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compared to a nucleon–nucleon reference constructed from a measurement of jet production in pp collisions at a centre-of-mass energy $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV using a dataset corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 4.0 pb^{-1} also recorded in 2013. Jets were reconstructed from energy deposits measured in the calorimeter using the anti- k_t algorithm with radius parameter $R = 0.4$ [12].

The centrality of $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions was characterised using the total transverse energy measured in the pseudorapidity¹ interval $-4.9 < \eta < -3.2$ in the direction of the lead beam. Whereas in nucleus–nucleus collisions centrality reflects the degree of nuclear overlap between the colliding nuclei, centrality in $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions is sensitive to the multiple interactions between the proton and nucleons in the lead nucleus. Centrality has been successfully used at lower energies in $d + \text{Au}$ collisions at RHIC as an experimental handle on the collision geometry [2,13,14].

A Glauber model [15] was used to determine the average number of nucleon–nucleon collisions, $\langle N_{\text{coll}} \rangle$, and the mean value of the overlap function, $T_{pA}(b) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \rho(b, z) dz$, where $\rho(b, z)$ is the nucleon density at impact parameter b and longitudinal position z , in each centrality interval. Per-event jet yields, $(1/N_{\text{evt}})(d^2 N_{\text{jet}}/dp_T dy^*)$, were measured as a function of jet centre-of-mass rapidity,² y^* , and transverse momentum, p_T , where N_{jet} is the number of jets measured in N_{evt} $p + \text{Pb}$ events analysed. The centrality dependence of the per-event jet yields was evaluated using the nuclear modification factor,

$$R_{p\text{Pb}} \equiv \frac{1}{T_{pA}} \frac{(1/N_{\text{evt}}) d^2 N_{\text{jet}}/dp_T dy^*|_{\text{cent}}}{d^2 \sigma_{\text{jet}}^{pp}/dp_T dy^*}, \quad (1)$$

for a given centrality selection “cent”, where $d^2 \sigma_{\text{jet}}^{pp}/dp_T dy^*$ is determined using the jet cross-section measured in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV. The factor $R_{p\text{Pb}}$ quantifies the absolute modification of the jet rate relative to the geometric expectation. In each centrality interval, the geometric expectation is the jet rate that would be produced by an incoherent superposition of the number of nucleon–nucleon collisions corresponding to the mean nuclear thickness in the given class of $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions.

Results are also presented for the central-to-peripheral ratio,

$$R_{\text{CP}} \equiv \frac{1}{R_{\text{coll}}} \frac{(1/N_{\text{evt}}) d^2 N_{\text{jet}}/dp_T dy^*|_{\text{cent}}}{(1/N_{\text{evt}}) d^2 N_{\text{jet}}/dp_T dy^*|_{\text{peri}}}, \quad (2)$$

where R_{coll} represents the ratio of $\langle N_{\text{coll}} \rangle$ in a given centrality interval to that in the most peripheral interval, $R_{\text{coll}} \equiv \langle N_{\text{coll}}^{\text{cent}} \rangle / \langle N_{\text{coll}}^{\text{peri}} \rangle$. The R_{CP} ratio is sensitive to relative deviations in the jet rate from the geometric expectation between the $p + \text{Pb}$ event centralities. The $R_{p\text{Pb}}$ and R_{CP} measurements are presented as a function of inclusive jet y^* and p_T .

For the 2013 $p + \text{Pb}$ run, the LHC was configured with a 4 TeV proton beam and a 1.57 TeV per-nucleon Pb beam that together produced collisions with $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.02$ TeV and a rapidity shift of the centre-of-mass frame of 0.465 units relative to the ATLAS rest frame. The run was split into two periods, with the directions of

the proton and lead beams being reversed at the end of the first period. The first period provided approximately 55% of the integrated luminosity with the Pb beam travelling to positive rapidity and the proton beam to negative rapidity, and the second period provided the remainder with the beams reversed. The analysis in this paper uses the events from both periods of data-taking and y^* is defined so that $y^* > 0$ always refers to the downstream proton direction.

2. Experimental setup

The measurements presented in this paper were performed using the ATLAS inner detector (ID), calorimeters, minimum-bias trigger scintillator (MBTS), and trigger and data acquisition systems [16]. The ID measures charged particles within $|\eta| < 2.5$ using a combination of silicon pixel detectors, silicon microstrip detectors, and a straw-tube transition radiation tracker, all immersed in a 2 T axial magnetic field [17]. The calorimeter system consists of a liquid argon (LAr) electromagnetic (EM) calorimeter covering $|\eta| < 3.2$, a steel/scintillator sampling hadronic calorimeter covering $|\eta| < 1.7$, a LAr hadronic calorimeter covering $1.5 < |\eta| < 3.2$, and two LAr electromagnetic and hadronic forward calorimeters (FCal) covering $3.2 < |\eta| < 4.9$. The EM calorimeters use lead plates as the absorbers and are segmented longitudinally in shower depth into three compartments with an additional presampler layer in front for $|\eta| < 1.8$. The granularity of the EM calorimeter varies with layer and pseudorapidity. The middle sampling layer, which typically has the largest energy deposit in EM showers, has a $\Delta\eta \times \Delta\phi$ granularity of 0.025×0.025 within $|\eta| < 2.5$. The hadronic calorimeter uses steel as the absorber and has three segments longitudinal in shower depth with cell sizes $\Delta\eta \times \Delta\phi = 0.1 \times 0.1$ for $|\eta| < 2.5$ ³ and 0.2×0.2 for $2.5 < |\eta| < 4.9$. The two FCal modules are composed of tungsten and copper absorbers with LAr as the active medium, which together provide ten interaction lengths of material. The MBTS detects charged particles over $2.1 < |\eta| < 3.9$ using two hodoscopes of 16 counters each, positioned at $z = \pm 3.6$ m.

The $p + \text{Pb}$ and pp events used in this analysis were recorded using a combination of minimum-bias (MB) and jet triggers [18]. In $p + \text{Pb}$ data-taking, the MB trigger required hits in at least one counter in each side of the MBTS detector. In pp collisions the MB condition was the presence of hits in the pixel and microstrip detectors reconstructed as a track by the high-level trigger system. Jets were selected using high-level jet triggers implemented with a reconstruction algorithm similar to the procedure applied in the offline analysis. In particular, it used the anti- k_t algorithm with $R = 0.4$, a background subtraction procedure, and a calibration of the jet energy to the full hadronic scale. The high-level jet triggers were seeded from a combination of low-level MB and jet hardware-based triggers. Six jet triggers with transverse energy thresholds ranging from 20 GeV to 75 GeV were used to select jets within $|\eta| < 3.2$ and a separate trigger with a threshold of 15 GeV was used to select jets with $3.2 < |\eta| < 4.9$. The triggers were prescaled in a fashion which varied with time to accommodate the evolution of the luminosity within an LHC fill.

3. Data selection

In the offline analysis, charged-particle tracks were reconstructed in the ID with the same algorithm used in pp collisions [19]. The $p + \text{Pb}$ events used for this analysis were required to have

¹ ATLAS uses a right-handed coordinate system with its origin at the nominal interaction point (IP) in the centre of the detector and the z -axis along the beam pipe. The x -axis points from the IP to the centre of the LHC ring, and the y -axis points upward. Cylindrical coordinates (r, ϕ) are used in the transverse plane, ϕ being the azimuthal angle around the beam pipe. The pseudorapidity is defined in laboratory coordinates in terms of the polar angle θ as $\eta = -\ln \tan(\theta/2)$. During 2013 $p + \text{Pb}$ data-taking, the beam directions were reversed approximately half-way through the running period, but in presenting results the direction of the proton beam is always chosen to point to positive η .

² The jet rapidity y^* is defined as $y^* = 0.5 \ln \frac{E+p_z}{E-p_z}$ where E and p_z are the energy and the component of the momentum along the proton beam direction in the nucleon–nucleon centre-of-mass frame.

³ An exception is the third (outermost) sampling layer, which has a segmentation of 0.2×0.1 up to $|\eta| = 1.7$.

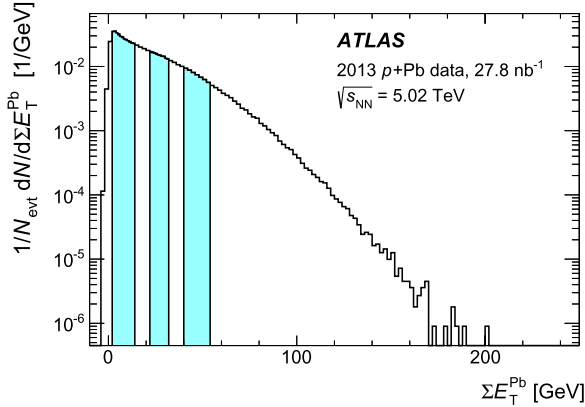


Fig. 1. Distribution of ΣE_T^{Pb} for minimum-bias $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions recorded during the 2013 run, measured in the FCal at $-4.9 < \eta < -3.2$ in the Pb-going direction. The vertical divisions correspond to the six centrality intervals used in this analysis. From right to left, the regions correspond to centrality intervals of 0–10%, 10–20%, 20–30%, 30–40%, 40–60% and 60–90%.

a reconstructed vertex containing at least two associated tracks with $p_T > 0.1$ GeV, at least one hit in each of the two MBTS hodoscopes, and a difference between times measured on the two MBTS sides of less than 10 ns. Events containing multiple $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions (pileup) were suppressed by rejecting events having two or more reconstructed vertices, each associated with reconstructed tracks with a total transverse momentum scalar sum of at least 5 GeV. The fraction of events with one $p + \text{Pb}$ interaction rejected by this requirement was less than 0.1%. Events with a pseudorapidity gap (defined by the absence of clusters in the calorimeter with more than 0.2 GeV of transverse energy) of greater than two units on the Pb-going side of the detector were also removed from the analysis. Such events arise primarily from electromagnetic or diffractive excitation of the proton. After accounting for event selection, the number of $p + \text{Pb}$ events sampled by the highest-luminosity jet trigger (which was unrescaled) was 53 billion. The event selection criteria described here were designed to select a sample of $p + \text{Pb}$ events to which a centrality analysis can be applied and for which meaningful geometric parameters can be determined.

The pp events used in this analysis were required to have a reconstructed vertex, with the same definition as the vertices in $p + \text{Pb}$ events above. No other requirements were applied.

4. Centrality determination

The centrality of the $p + \text{Pb}$ events selected for analysis was characterised by the total transverse energy ΣE_T^{Pb} in the FCal module on the Pb-going side. The ΣE_T^{Pb} distribution for minimum-bias $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions passing the event selection described in Section 3 is presented in Fig. 1. Following standard techniques [20], centrality intervals were defined in terms of percentiles of the ΣE_T^{Pb} distribution after accounting for an estimated inefficiency of $(2 \pm 2)\%$ for inelastic $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions to pass the applied event selection. The following centrality intervals were used in this analysis, in order from the most central to the most peripheral: 0–10%, 10–20%, 20–30%, 30–40%, 40–60%, and 60–90%, with the 60–90% interval serving as the reference in the R_{CP} ratio. Events with a centrality beyond 90% were not used in the analysis, since the uncertainties on the composition of the event sample and in the determination of the geometric quantities are large for these events.

A Glauber Monte Carlo (MC) [15] analysis was used to calculate R_{coll} and T_{pA} for each centrality interval. First, a Glauber MC program [21] was used to simulate the geometry of inelastic

Table 1

Average R_{coll} and T_{pA} values for the centrality intervals used in this analysis along with total systematic uncertainties. The R_{coll} values are with respect to 60–90% events, where $\langle N_{\text{coll}} \rangle = 2.98^{+0.21}_{-0.29}$.

Centrality	R_{coll}	T_{pA} [mb^{-1}]
0–90%	–	$0.107^{+0.005}_{-0.003}$
60–90%	–	$0.043^{+0.003}_{-0.004}$
40–60%	$2.16^{+0.08}_{-0.07}$	$0.092^{+0.004}_{-0.006}$
30–40%	$3.00^{+0.21}_{-0.14}$	$0.126^{+0.003}_{-0.004}$
20–30%	$3.48^{+0.33}_{-0.18}$	$0.148^{+0.004}_{-0.002}$
10–20%	$4.05^{+0.49}_{-0.21}$	$0.172^{+0.007}_{-0.003}$
0–10%	$4.89^{+0.83}_{-0.27}$	$0.208^{+0.019}_{-0.005}$

$p + \text{Pb}$ collisions and calculate the probability distribution of the number of nucleon participants N_{part} , $P(N_{\text{part}})$. The simulations used a Woods–Saxon nuclear density distribution and an inelastic nucleon–nucleon cross-section, σ_{NN} , of 70 ± 5 mb. Separately, PYTHIA 8 [22,23] simulations of 4 TeV on 1.57 TeV pp collisions provided a detector-level ΣE_T^{Pb} distribution for nucleon–nucleon collisions, to be used as input to the Glauber model. This distribution was fit to a gamma distribution.

Then, an extension of the wounded-nucleon (WN) [24] model that included a non-linear dependence of ΣE_T^{Pb} on N_{part} was used to define N_{part} -dependent gamma distributions for ΣE_T^{Pb} , with the constraint that the distributions reduce to the PYTHIA distribution for $N_{\text{part}} = 2$. The non-linear term accounted for the possible variation of the effective FCal acceptance resulting from an N_{part} -dependent backward rapidity shift of the produced soft particles with respect to the nucleon–nucleon frame [25]. The gamma distributions were summed over N_{part} with a $P(N_{\text{part}})$ weighting to produce a hypothetical ΣE_T^{Pb} distribution. That distribution was fit to the measured ΣE_T^{Pb} distribution shown in Fig. 1 with the parameters of the extended WN model allowed to vary freely. The best fit, which contained a significant non-linear term, successfully described the ΣE_T^{Pb} distribution in data over several orders of magnitude. From the results of the fit, the distribution of N_{part} values and the corresponding $\langle N_{\text{part}} \rangle$ were calculated for each centrality interval. The resulting R_{coll} and T_{pA} values and corresponding systematic uncertainties, which are described in Section 8, are shown in Table 1.

5. Monte Carlo simulation

The performance of the jet reconstruction procedure was evaluated using a sample of 36 million events in which simulated $\sqrt{s} = 5.02$ TeV pp hard-scattering events were overlaid with minimum-bias $p + \text{Pb}$ events recorded during the 2013 run. Thus the sample contains an underlying event contribution that is identical in all respects to the data. The simulated events were generated using PYTHIA [22] (version 6.425, AUET2B tune [26], CTEQ6L1 parton distribution functions [27]) and the detector effects were fully simulated using GEANT4 [28,29]. These events were produced for different p_T intervals of the generator-level (“truth”) $R = 0.4$ jets. In total, the generator-level spectrum spans $10 < p_T < 10^3$ GeV. Separate sets of 18 million events each were generated for the two different beam directions to take into account any z -axis asymmetries in the detector. For each beam direction, the four-momenta of the generated particles were longitudinally boosted by a rapidity of ± 0.465 to match the corresponding beam conditions. The events were simulated using detector conditions appropriate to the two periods of the 2013 $p + \text{Pb}$ run and reconstructed using the same algorithms as were applied to the experimental data. A sep-

arate 9-million-event sample of fully simulated 2.76 TeV PYTHIA pp hard scattering events (with the same version, tune and parton distribution function set) was used to evaluate the jet performance in $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV pp collisions during 2013 data-taking.

6. Jet reconstruction and performance

The jet reconstruction and underlying event subtraction procedures were adapted from those used by ATLAS in Pb+Pb collisions, which are described in detail in Refs. [30,31], and are summarised here along with any substantial differences from the referenced analyses.

An iterative procedure was used to obtain an event-by-event estimate of the underlying event energy density while excluding contributions from jets to that estimate. The modulation of the underlying event energy density to account for potential elliptic flow was not included in this analysis. Jets were reconstructed from the anti- k_t algorithm with $R = 0.4$ applied to calorimeter cells grouped into $\Delta\eta \times \Delta\phi = 0.1 \times 0.1$ towers, with the final jet kinematics calculated from the background-subtracted energy in the cells contained in the jet. The rate of jets reconstructed from the underlying event fluctuations of soft particles was negligible in the kinematic range studied and therefore no attempt to reject them was made. The mean subtracted transverse energy in $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions was 2.4 GeV (1.4 GeV) for jets with $|y^*| < 1$ ($y^* > 3$). In pp collisions, this procedure simply subtracts the underlying event pedestal deposited in the calorimeter which can arise, in part, from the presence of additional pp interactions in the same crossing (in-time pileup).

Following the above jet reconstruction, a small correction, typically a few percent, was applied to the transverse momentum of those jets which did not overlap with a region excluded from the background determination and thus were erroneously included in the initial estimate of the underlying event background. Then, the jet energies were corrected to account for the calorimeter energy response using an η - and p_T -dependent multiplicative factor that was derived from the simulations [32]. Following this calibration, a final multiplicative *in situ* calibration was applied to account for differences between the simulated detector response and data. The measured p_T of jets recoiling against objects with an independently calibrated energy scale – such as Z bosons, photons, or jets in a different region of the detector – was investigated. The *in situ* calibration, which typically differed from unity by a few percent, was derived by comparing this p_T balance in pp data with that in simulations in a fashion similar to that used previously within ATLAS [33].

The jet reconstruction performance was evaluated in the simulated samples by applying the same subtraction and reconstruction procedure as was applied to data. The resulting reconstructed jets with transverse momentum p_T^{reco} were compared with their corresponding generator jets, which were produced by applying the anti- k_t algorithm to the final-state particles produced by PYTHIA, excluding muons and neutrinos. Each generator jet was matched to a reconstructed jet, and the p_T difference between the two jets was studied as a function of the generator jet transverse momentum, p_T^{gen} , and generator jet rapidity y^* , and in the six $p + \text{Pb}$ event centrality intervals.

The reconstruction efficiency for jets having $p_T^{\text{gen}} > 25$ GeV was found to be greater than 99%. The performance was quantified by the means and standard deviations of the $\Delta p_T/p_T$ ($= p_T^{\text{reco}}/p_T^{\text{gen}} - 1$) distributions, referred to as the jet energy scale closure and jet energy resolution respectively. The closure in $p + \text{Pb}$ events was less than 2% for $p_T^{\text{gen}} > 25$ GeV jets and was better than 1% for $p_T^{\text{gen}} > 100$ GeV jets. At low p_T^{gen} , the energy scale closure and resolution exhibited a weak $p + \text{Pb}$ centrality dependence,

with differences in the closure of up to 1% and differences in the resolution of up to 2% in the most central 0–10% events relative to the 60–90% peripheral events. At high jet p_T , the response was centrality independent within sensitivity. In pp events, the closure was less than 1% in the entire kinematic range studied.

In order to quantify the degree of p_T -bin migration introduced by the detector response and reconstruction procedure, response matrices were populated by recording the p_T values of each generator–reconstructed jet pair. Separate matrices were constructed for each y^* interval and $p + \text{Pb}$ centrality interval used in the analysis. The p_T bins used were chosen to increase with p_T such that the width of each bin was ≈ 0.25 of the bin low edge. Using this binning, the proportion of jets with reconstructed p_T in the same bin as their truth p_T monotonically increased with truth p_T and was 50–70%.

7. Data analysis

A combination of minimum-bias and jet triggered $p + \text{Pb}$ events were selected for analysis as described in Section 2. The sampled luminosity (defined as the luminosity divided by the mean luminosity-weighted prescale) of the jet triggers increased with increasing p_T threshold. Offline jets were selected for the analysis by requiring a match to an online jet trigger. The efficiency of the various triggers was determined with respect to the minimum-bias trigger and to lower threshold jet triggers. For simplicity, each p_T bin used jets selected by only one jet trigger. In a given p_T bin, jets were selected by the highest-threshold jet trigger for which the efficiency was determined to be greater than 99% in the bin. No additional corrections for the trigger efficiency were applied.

The double-differential per-event jet yields in $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions were constructed via

$$\frac{1}{N_{\text{evt}}} \frac{d^2 N^{\text{jet}}}{dp_T dy^*} = \frac{1}{N_{\text{evt}}} \frac{N^{\text{jet}}}{\Delta p_T \Delta y^*}, \quad (3)$$

where N_{evt} is the total (unprescaled) number of MB $p + \text{Pb}$ events sampled, N^{jet} is the yield of jets corrected for all detector effects and the instantaneous trigger prescale during data-taking, and Δp_T and Δy^* are the widths of the p_T and y^* bins. The centrality-dependent yields were constructed by restricting N_{evt} and N^{jet} to come from $p + \text{Pb}$ events within a given centrality interval. The double-differential cross-section in pp collisions was constructed via

$$\frac{d^2 \sigma}{dp_T dy^*} = \frac{1}{L_{\text{int}}} \frac{N^{\text{jet}}}{\Delta p_T \Delta y^*}, \quad (4)$$

where L_{int} is the total integrated luminosity of the jet trigger used in the given p_T bin. The p_T binning in the pp cross-section was chosen such that the $x_T = 2p_T/\sqrt{s}$ binning between the $p + \text{Pb}$ and pp datasets is the same.

Both the per-event yields in $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions and the cross-section in pp collisions were restricted to the p_T range where the MC studies described in Section 6 show that the efficiency for a truth jet to remain in the same p_T bin is $\geq 50\%$. This p_T range was rapidity dependent, with the lowest p_T bin edge used ranging from 50 GeV in the most backward rapidity intervals studied to 25 GeV in the most forward intervals.

The measured $p + \text{Pb}$ and pp yields were corrected for jet energy resolution and residual distortions of the jet energy scale which result in p_T -bin migration. For each rapidity interval, the yield was corrected by the use of p_T -dependent (and, in the $p + \text{Pb}$ case, centrality-dependent) bin-by-bin correction factors $C(p_T, y^*)$ obtained from the ratio of the reconstructed to the truth jet p_T distributions for jets originating in a true y^* bin, according to

$$C(p_T, y^*) = \frac{N_{\text{truth}}^{\text{jet}}(p_T, y^*)}{N_{\text{reco}}^{\text{jet}}(p_T, y^*)}, \quad (5)$$

where $N_{\text{truth}}^{\text{jet}}$ ($N_{\text{reco}}^{\text{jet}}$) is the number of truth jets in the given p_T^{truth} (p_T^{reco}) bin in the corresponding MC samples.

Since the determination of the correction factors $C(p_T, y^*)$ is sensitive to the shape of the jet spectrum in the MC sample, the response matrices used to generate them were reweighted to provide a better match between the reconstructed distributions in data and simulated events. The spectrum of generator jets was weighted jet-by-jet by the ratio of the reconstructed spectrum in data to that in simulation. This ratio was found to be approximately linear in the logarithm of reconstructed p_T . A separate reweighting was performed for the $p + \text{Pb}$ jet yield in each centrality interval, resulting in changes of $\leq 10\%$ from the original correction factors before reweighting. The resulting corrections to the $p + \text{Pb}$ and pp yields were at most 30%, and were typically $\leq 10\%$ for jets with $p_T > 100$ GeV. These corrections were applied to the detector-level yield $N_{\text{reco}}^{\text{jet}}$ to give the particle-level yield via

$$N^{\text{jet}} = C(p_T, y^*) N_{\text{reco}}^{\text{jet}}. \quad (6)$$

A $\sqrt{s} = 5.02$ TeV pp reference jet cross-section was constructed through the use of the corrected 2.76 TeV pp cross-section and a previous ATLAS measurement of the x_T -scaling between the inclusive jet cross-sections at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV (measured using 0.20 pb $^{-1}$ of data collected in 2011) and 7 TeV (measured using 37 pb $^{-1}$ of data collected in 2010) [34]. In this previous analysis, the \sqrt{s} -scaled ratio ρ of the 2.76 TeV cross-section to that at 7 TeV was evaluated at fixed x_T ,

$$\rho(x_T; y^*) = \left(\frac{2.76 \text{ TeV}}{7 \text{ TeV}} \right)^3 \frac{d^2\sigma^{2.76 \text{ TeV}}/dp_T dy^*}{d^2\sigma^{7 \text{ TeV}}/dp_T dy^*}, \quad (7)$$

where $d^2\sigma^{\sqrt{s}}/dp_T dy^*$ is the pp jet cross-section at the given centre-of-mass energy \sqrt{s} , and the numerator and denominator are each evaluated at the same x_T (but different $p_T = x_T\sqrt{s}/2$). Equation (7) can be rearranged to define the cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV in terms of that at 2.76 TeV times a multiplicative factor and divided by ρ .

The $\sqrt{s} = 5.02$ TeV pp cross-section at each p_T and y^* value was constructed by scaling the corrected $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV pp cross-section measured at the equivalent x_T according to

$$\frac{d^2\sigma^{5.02 \text{ TeV}}}{dp_T dy^*} = \rho(x_T; y^*)^{-0.643} \left(\frac{2.76 \text{ TeV}}{5.02 \text{ TeV}} \right)^3 \frac{d^2\sigma^{2.76 \text{ TeV}}}{dp_T dy^*}, \quad (8)$$

where the power $-\ln(2.76/5.02)/\ln(2.76/7) \approx -0.643$ interpolates between 2.76 TeV and 7 TeV to 5.02 TeV using a power-law collision energy dependence at each p_T and y^* . Since the jet energy scale and x_T -interpolation uncertainties are large for the pp data at large rapidities ($|y^*| > 2.8$), a $\sqrt{s} = 5.02$ TeV reference is not constructed in that rapidity region.

The pp jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV measured with the 2013 data was found to agree with the previous ATLAS measurement of the same quantity [34] within the systematic uncertainties.

8. Systematic uncertainties

The R_{CP} and $R_{p\text{Pb}}$ measurements are subject to systematic uncertainties arising from a number of sources: the jet energy scale and resolution, differences in the spectral shape between data and simulation affecting the bin-by-bin correction factors, residual inefficiency in the trigger selection, and the estimates of the geometric quantities R_{coll} (in R_{CP}) and $T_{p\text{A}}$ (in $R_{p\text{Pb}}$). In addition

to these sources of uncertainty, which are common to the R_{CP} and $R_{p\text{Pb}}$ measurements, $R_{p\text{Pb}}$ is also subject to uncertainties from the x_T -interpolation of the $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV pp cross-section to the $\sqrt{s} = 5.02$ TeV centre-of-mass energy and from the integrated luminosity of the pp dataset.

Uncertainties in the jet energy scale and resolution influence the correction of the $p + \text{Pb}$ and pp jet spectra. The uncertainty in the scale was taken from studies of the *in situ* calorimeter response and systematic variations of the jet response in simulation [32], as well as studies of the relative energy scale difference between the jet reconstruction procedure in heavy-ion collisions and the procedure used by ATLAS for inclusive jet measurements in 2.76 TeV and 7 TeV pp collisions [34,35]. The total energy scale uncertainty in the measured p_T range was $\lesssim 4\%$ for jets in $|y^*| < 2.8$, and $\lesssim 7\%$ for jets in $|y^*| > 2.8$. The sensitivity of the results to the uncertainty in the energy scale was evaluated separately for ten distinct sources of uncertainty. Each source was treated as fully uncorrelated with any other source, but fully correlated with itself in p_T , η , and \sqrt{s} . The uncertainty in the resolution was taken from *in situ* studies of the dijet energy balance [36]. The resolution uncertainty was generally $< 10\%$, except for low- p_T jets where it was $< 20\%$. The effects on the R_{CP} and $R_{p\text{Pb}}$ measurements were evaluated through an additional smearing of the energy of reconstructed jets in the simulation such that the resolution uncertainty was added to the original resolution in quadrature.

The resulting systematic uncertainties on R_{CP} (δR_{CP}) and $R_{p\text{Pb}}$ ($\delta R_{p\text{Pb}}$) were evaluated by producing new response matrices in accordance with each source of the energy scale uncertainty and the resolution uncertainty, generating new correction factors, and calculating the new R_{CP} and $R_{p\text{Pb}}$ results. Each energy scale and resolution variation was applied to all rapidity bins and to both the $p + \text{Pb}$ and pp response matrices simultaneously. The uncertainty on R_{CP} and $R_{p\text{Pb}}$ from the total energy scale uncertainty was determined by adding the effects of the ten energy scale uncertainty sources in quadrature. Since the correction factors for the $p + \text{Pb}$ spectra in different centrality intervals were affected to a similar degree by variations in the energy scale and resolution, the effects tended to cancel in the R_{CP} ratio, and the resulting δR_{CP} were small. The resulting $\delta R_{p\text{Pb}}$ values were somewhat larger than the δR_{CP} values due to the relative centre-of-mass shift between the $p + \text{Pb}$ and pp collision systems. The centrality dependence of the energy scale and resolution uncertainties in $p + \text{Pb}$ events was negligible.

To achieve better correspondence with the data, the simulated jet spectrum was reweighted to match the spectral shape in data before deriving the bin-by-bin correction factors as described above. To determine the sensitivity of the results to this reweighting procedure, the slope of the fit to the ratio of the detector-level spectrum in data to that in simulation was varied by the fit uncertainty, and the correction factors were recomputed with this alternative weighting. The resulting $\delta R_{p\text{Pb}}$ and δR_{CP} from the nominal values were included in the total systematic uncertainty.

As the jet triggers used for the data selection were evaluated to have greater than 99% efficiency in the p_T regions where they are used to select jets, an uncertainty of 1% was chosen for the centrality selected $p + \text{Pb}$ yields and the pp cross-section in the range $20 < p_T < 125$ GeV. This uncertainty was taken to be uncorrelated between the centrality-selected $p + \text{Pb}$ yields and the pp cross-section, resulting in a 1.4% uncertainty on the R_{CP} and $R_{p\text{Pb}}$ measurements.

The geometric quantities R_{coll} and $T_{p\text{A}}$ and their uncertainties are listed in Table 1. These uncertainties arise from uncertainties in the geometric modelling of $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions and in modelling the N_{part} dependence of the forward particle production measured by ΣE_T^{Pb} . In general, the uncertainties were asymmetric.

Uncertainties in R_{coll} were largest for the ratio of the most central to the most peripheral interval (0–10%/60–90%), where they were +17/–6%, and smallest in the 40–60%/60–90% ratio, where they were +4/–3%. Uncertainties in T_{pA} were largest in the most central (0–10%) and most peripheral (60–90%) centrality intervals, where the upper or lower uncertainty was as high as 10%, and smaller for intervals in the middle of the $p + \text{Pb}$ centrality range, where they reached a minimum of +3/–2% for the 20–30% interval.

The x_T -interpolation of the $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV pp jet cross-section to 5.02 TeV is sensitive to uncertainties in $\rho(x_T, y^*)$, the \sqrt{s} -scaled ratio of jet spectra at 2.76 and 7 TeV. Following Eq. (8), the uncertainty in the interpolated pp cross-section ($\delta\sigma^{5.02 \text{ TeV}}$) at fixed x_T is related to the uncertainty in ρ ($\delta\rho$) via $(\delta\sigma^{5.02 \text{ TeV}}/\sigma^{5.02 \text{ TeV}}) = 0.643(\delta\rho/\rho)$, where $\delta\rho$ was taken from Ref. [34]. The values of $\delta\rho$ ranged from 5% to 23% in the region of the measurement and were generally larger at lower x_T and at larger rapidities.

The integrated luminosity for the 2013 pp dataset was determined by measuring the interaction rate with several ATLAS sub-detectors. The absolute calibration was derived from three van der Meer scans [37] performed during the pp data-taking in 2013 in a fashion similar to that used previously within ATLAS [38] for pp data-taking at higher energies. The systematic uncertainty on the integrated luminosity was estimated to be 3.1%.

The uncertainties from the jet energy scale, jet energy resolution, reweighting and x_T -interpolation are p_T and y^* dependent, while the uncertainties from the trigger, luminosity, and geometric factors are not. The total systematic uncertainty on the R_{pPb} measurement ranges from 7% at mid-rapidity and high p_T to 18% at forward rapidities and low p_T . In most p_T and rapidity bins, the dominant systematic uncertainty on R_{pPb} is from the x_T -interpolation. The p_T - and y^* -dependent systematic uncertainties on R_{CP} are small. Near mid-rapidity or at high p_T , they are 2%, rising to approximately 12% at low p_T in forward rapidities. Thus, in most of the kinematic region studied, the dominant uncertainty on R_{CP} is from the geometric factors R_{coll} .

9. Results

Fig. 2 presents the fully corrected per-event jet yield as a function of p_T in 0–90% $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions, for each of the jet centre-of-mass rapidity ranges used in this analysis. At mid-rapidity, the yields span over eight orders of magnitude.

The jet nuclear modification factor R_{pPb} for 0–90% $p + \text{Pb}$ events is presented in Fig. 3 in the eight rapidity bins for which the pp reference was constructed. At most rapidities studied, the R_{pPb} values show a slight ($\approx 10\%$) enhancement above one, although many bins are consistent with unity within the systematic uncertainties. At mid-rapidity, the R_{pPb} values reach a maximum near 100 GeV. No large modification of the total yield of jets relative to the geometric expectation (under which $R_{\text{pPb}} = 1$) is observed. The data in Fig. 3 are compared to a next-to-leading order perturbative QCD calculation of R_{pPb} with the EPS09 parameterisation of nuclear parton distribution functions [9], using CT10 [39] for the free proton parton distribution functions and following the procedure for calculating jet production rates in $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions described in Refs. [1,40]. The data are slightly higher than the calculation, but generally compatible with it within systematic uncertainties.

The central-to-peripheral ratio R_{CP} for jets in $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions is summarised in Fig. 4, where the R_{CP} values for three centrality intervals are shown in all rapidity ranges studied. The R_{CP} ratio shows a strong variation with centrality relative to the geometric expectation, under which $R_{\text{CP}} = 1$. The jet R_{CP} for 0–10%/60–90% events is smaller than one at all rapidities for jet $p_T > 100$ GeV

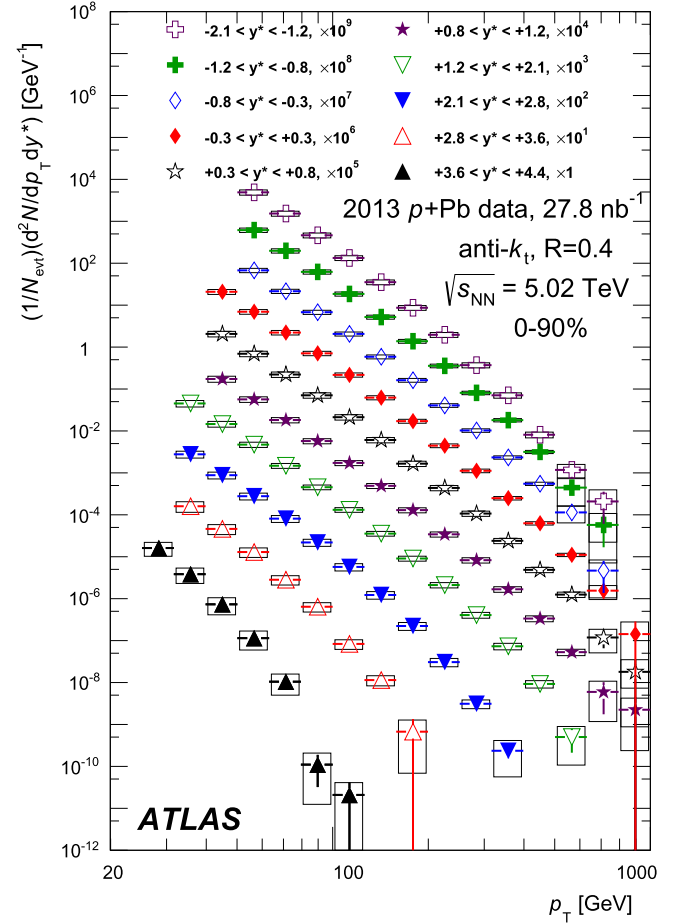


Fig. 2. Inclusive double-differential per-event jet yield in 0–90% $p + \text{Pb}$ collisions as a function of jet p_T in different y^* bins. The yields are corrected for all detector effects. Vertical error bars represent the statistical uncertainty while the boxes represent the systematic uncertainties.

and at all p_T at sufficiently forward (proton-going, $y^* > 0$) rapidities. Near mid-rapidity, the 40–60%/60–90% R_{CP} values are consistent with unity up to 100–200 GeV, but indicate a small suppression at higher p_T . In all rapidity intervals studied, R_{CP} decreases with increasing p_T and in increasingly more central collisions. Furthermore, at fixed p_T , R_{CP} decreases systematically at more forward rapidities. At the highest p_T in the most forward rapidity bin, the 0–10%/60–90% R_{CP} value is ≈ 0.2 . In the backward rapidity direction (lead-going, $y^* < 0$), R_{CP} is found to be enhanced by 10–20% for low- p_T jets.

Fig. 5 summarises the jet R_{pPb} in central, mid-central and peripheral events in all rapidity intervals studied. The patterns observed in the centrality-dependent R_{pPb} values are a consequence of the near-geometric scaling of the minimum-bias R_{pPb} values along with the strong modifications of the central-to-peripheral ratio R_{CP} . At sufficiently high p_T , R_{pPb} in central events is found to be suppressed ($R_{\text{pPb}} < 1$) and in peripheral events to be enhanced ($R_{\text{pPb}} > 1$). Generally, these respective deviations from the geometric expectation (under which $R_{\text{pPb}} = 1$ for all centrality intervals) increase with p_T and, at fixed p_T , increase as the rapidity becomes more forward. Thus, the large effects in R_{CP} are consistent with a combination of modifications that have opposite sign in the centrality-dependent R_{pPb} values but have little effect on the centrality-inclusive (0–90%) R_{pPb} values. At backward-going rapidities ($y^* < 0$) the R_{pPb} value for low- p_T jets in all centrality intervals is consistent with unity within the uncertainties.

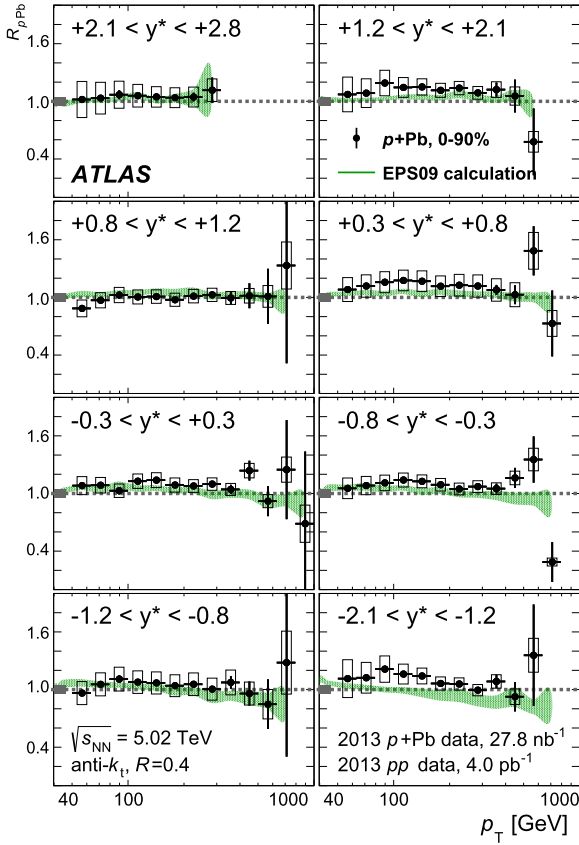


Fig. 3. Measured R_{pPb} values for $R = 0.4$ jets in 0–90% $p + Pb$ collisions. Each panel shows the jet R_{pPb} in a different rapidity range. Vertical error bars represent the statistical uncertainty while the boxes represent the systematic uncertainties on the jet yields. The shaded box at the left edge of the $R_{pPb} = 1$ horizontal line indicates the systematic uncertainty on T_{pA} and the pp luminosity in quadrature. The shaded band represents a calculation using the EPS09 nuclear parton distribution function set.

Given the observed suppression pattern as a function of jet rapidity, in which the suppression in R_{CP} at fixed p_T systematically increases at more forward-going rapidities, it is natural to ask if it is possible to find a single relationship between the R_{CP} values in the different rapidity intervals which is a function of jet kinematics alone. To test this, the R_{CP} values in each rapidity bin were plotted against the quantity $p_T \times \cosh(\langle y^* \rangle) \approx E$, where $\langle y^* \rangle$ is the centre of the rapidity bin and E is the total energy of the jet. In relativistic kinematics, the total energy of a particle is given by $E = m_T \cosh(y^*)$, where the transverse mass $m_T = \sqrt{m^2 + p_T^2}$. In the kinematic range studied, the mass of the typical jet is sufficiently small relative to its transverse momentum that approximating the transverse mass, m_T , with the p_T is reasonable. The 0–10%/60–90% R_{CP} versus $p_T \times \cosh(\langle y^* \rangle)$ is shown for all ten rapidity ranges in Fig. 6. When plotted against this variable, the R_{CP} values in each of the five forward-going rapidities ($y^* > +0.8$) fall along the same curve, which is approximately linear in the logarithm of E . This trend is also observed in the two most forward of the remaining rapidity intervals ($-0.3 < y^* < +0.8$), but the R_{CP} values at backward rapidities ($y^* < -0.3$) do not follow this trend. This pattern is also observed in other centrality intervals, albeit with a different slope in $\ln(E)$ for each centrality interval.

These patterns suggest that the observed modifications may depend on the initial parton kinematics, such as the longitudinal momentum fraction of the parton originating in the proton, x_p . In particular, a dependence on x_p would explain why the data fol-

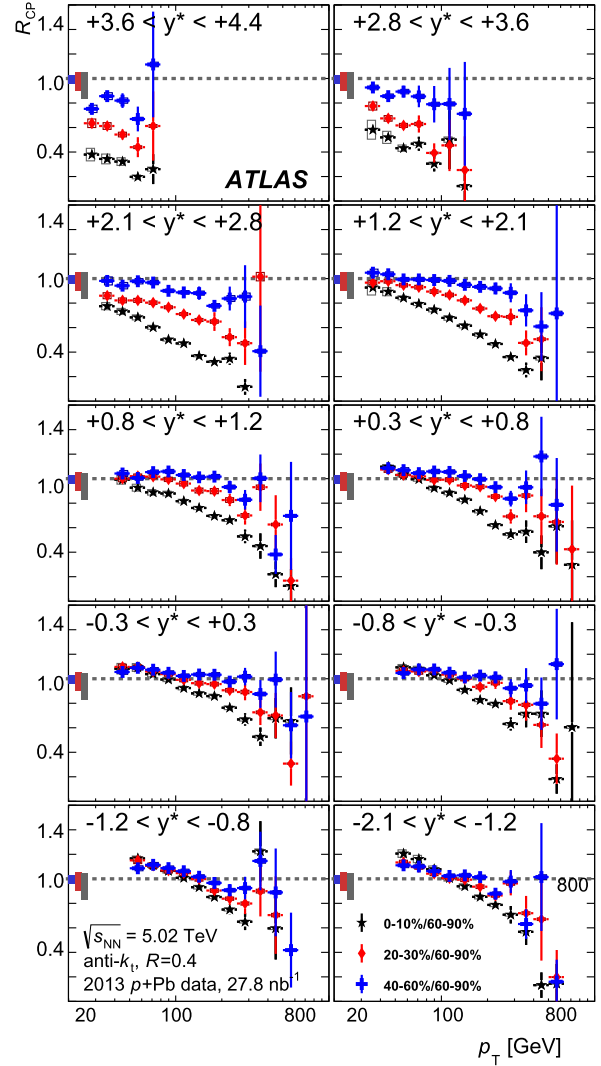


Fig. 4. Measured R_{CP} values for $R = 0.4$ jets in $p + Pb$ collisions in central (stars), mid-central (diamonds) and mid-peripheral (crosses) events. Each panel shows the jet R_{CP} in a different rapidity range. Vertical error bars represent the statistical uncertainty while the boxes represent the systematic uncertainties on the jet yields. The shaded boxes at the left edge of the $R_{CP} = 1$ horizontal line indicate the systematic uncertainty on R_{coll} for (from left to right) peripheral, mid-central and central events.

low a consistent trend vs. $p_T \times \cosh(\langle y^* \rangle)$ at forward rapidities (where jet production at a given jet energy E is dominated by $x_p \sim E/(\sqrt{s}/2)$ partons in the proton) but do not do so at backward rapidities (where the longitudinal momentum fraction of the parton originating in the lead nucleus, x_{pB} , as well as x_p are both needed to relate the jet and parton kinematics).

By analogy with Fig. 6 where the R_{CP} values are plotted versus $p_T \times \cosh(\langle y^* \rangle)$, the R_{pPb} values in the four most forward-going bins studied are plotted against this variable in Fig. 7. The R_{pPb} values in central and peripheral events are shown separately. Although the systematic uncertainties are larger on R_{pPb} than on R_{CP} , the observed behaviour for jets with $p_T > 150$ GeV is consistent with the nuclear modifications depending only on the approximate total jet energy $p_T \times \cosh(\langle y^* \rangle)$. In central (peripheral) events, the R_{pPb} values at forward rapidities are consistent with a rapidity-independent decreasing (increasing) function of $p_T \times \cosh(\langle y^* \rangle)$. Thus, the single trend in R_{CP} versus $p_T \times \cosh(\langle y^* \rangle)$ at forward rapidities appears to arise from opposite trends in the central and peripheral R_{pPb} , both a single function of $p_T \times \cosh(\langle y^* \rangle)$.

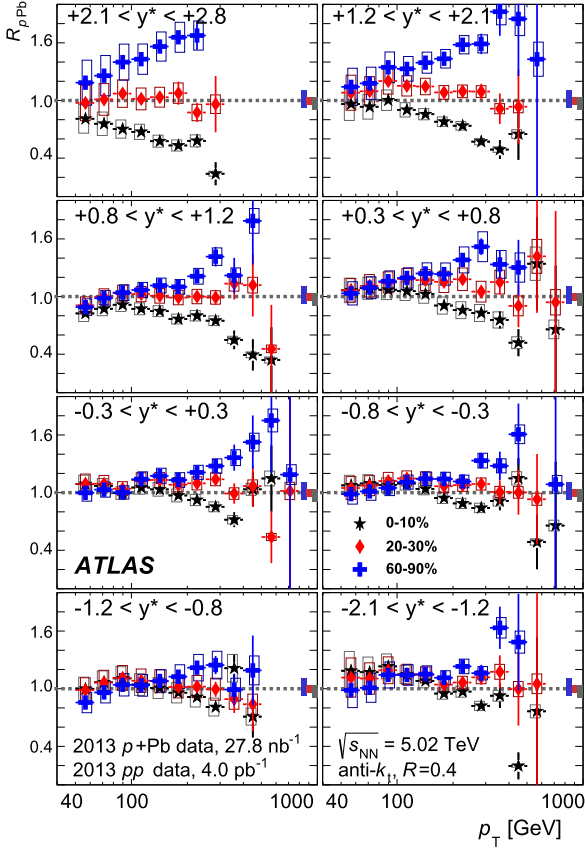


Fig. 5. Measured R_{pPb} values for $R = 0.4$ jets in $p + Pb$ collisions in central (stars), mid-central (diamonds) and peripheral (crosses) events. Each panel shows the jet R_{pPb} in a different rapidity range. Vertical error bars represent the statistical uncertainty while the boxes represent the systematic uncertainties on the jet yields. The shaded boxes at the right edge of the $R_{pPb} = 1$ horizontal line indicate the systematic uncertainties on T_{pA} and the pp luminosity added in quadrature for (from left to right) peripheral, mid-central and central events.

The results presented here use the standard Glauber model with fixed σ_{NN} to estimate the geometric quantities. The impact of geometric models which incorporate event-by-event changes in the configuration of the proton wavefunction [41] has also been studied. Using the so called Glauber–Gribov Colour Fluctuation model to determine the geometric parameters amplifies the effects seen with the Glauber model. In this model, the suppression in central events and the enhancement in peripheral events would be increased.

10. Conclusions

This paper presents the results of a measurement of the centrality dependence of jet production in $p + Pb$ collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$ TeV over a wide kinematic range. The data were collected with the ATLAS detector at the LHC and correspond to 27.8 nb^{-1} of integrated luminosity. The centrality of $p + Pb$ collisions was characterised using the total transverse energy measured in the forward calorimeter on the Pb-going side covering the interval $-4.9 < \eta < -3.2$. The average number of nucleon–nucleon collisions and the mean nuclear thickness factor were evaluated for each centrality interval using a Glauber Monte Carlo analysis.

Results are presented for the nuclear modification factor R_{pPb} with respect to a measurement of the inclusive jet cross-section in $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV pp collisions corresponding to 4.0 pb^{-1} of integrated luminosity. The pp cross-section was x_T -interpolated to 5.02 TeV using previous ATLAS measurements of inclusive jet pro-

duction at 2.76 and 7 TeV. Results are also shown for the central-to-peripheral ratio R_{CP} . The centrality-inclusive R_{pPb} results for 0–90% collisions indicate only a modest enhancement over the geometric expectation. This enhancement has a weak p_T and rapidity dependence and is generally consistent with predictions from the modification of the parton distribution functions in the nucleus, which is small in the kinematic region probed by this measurement.

The results of the R_{CP} measurement indicate a strong centrality-dependent reduction in the yield of jets in central collisions relative to that in peripheral collisions, after accounting for the effects of the collision geometries. In addition, the reduction becomes more pronounced with increasing jet p_T and at more forward (downstream proton) rapidities. These two results are reconciled by the centrality-dependent R_{pPb} results, which show a suppression in central collisions and enhancement in peripheral collisions, a pattern which is systematic in p_T and y^* .

The R_{CP} and R_{pPb} measurements at forward rapidities are also reported as a function of $p_T \times \cosh(\langle y^* \rangle)$, the approximate total jet energy. When plotted this way, the results from different rapidity intervals follow a similar trend. This suggests that the mechanism responsible for the observed effects may depend only on the total jet energy or, more generally, on the underlying parton–parton kinematics such as the fractional longitudinal momentum of the parton originating in the proton.

If the relationship between the centrality intervals and proton–lead collision impact parameter determined by the geometric models is correct, these results imply large, impact parameter-dependent changes in the number of partons available for hard scattering. However, they may also be the result of a correlation between the kinematics of the scattering and the soft interactions resulting in particle production at backward (Pb-going) rapidities [42,43].

Recently, the effects observed here have been hypothesised as arising from a suppression of the soft particle multiplicity in collisions producing high energy jets [44]. Independently, it has also been argued that proton configurations containing a large- x parton interact with nucleons in the nucleus with a reduced cross-section, resulting in the observed modifications [45]. In any case the presence of such correlations would challenge the usual factorisation-based framework for describing hard scattering processes in collisions involving nuclei.

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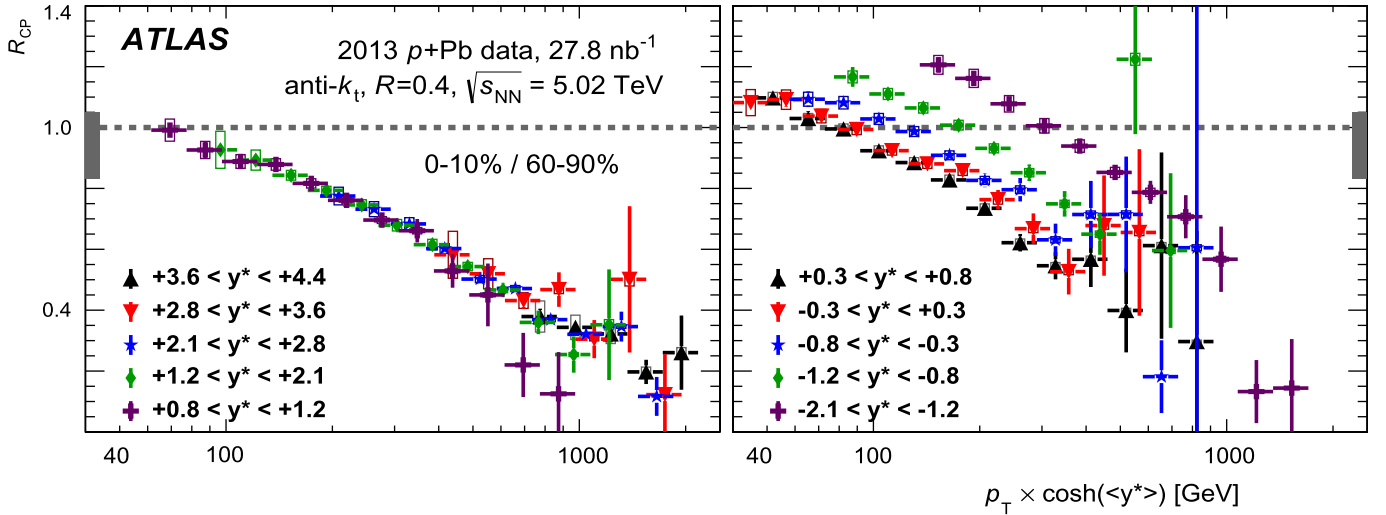


Fig. 6. Measured R_{CP} values for $R=0.4$ jets in 0–10% $p+Pb$ collisions. The panel on the left shows the five rapidity ranges that are the most forward-going, while the panel on the right shows the remaining five. The R_{CP} values at each rapidity are plotted as a function of $p_T \times \cosh(\langle y^* \rangle)$, where $\langle y^* \rangle$ is the midpoint of the rapidity bin. Vertical error bars represent the statistical uncertainty while the boxes represent the systematic uncertainties on the jet yields. The shaded box at the left edge (in the left panel) and right edge (in the right panel) of the $R_{CP}=1$ horizontal line indicates the systematic uncertainty on R_{coll} .

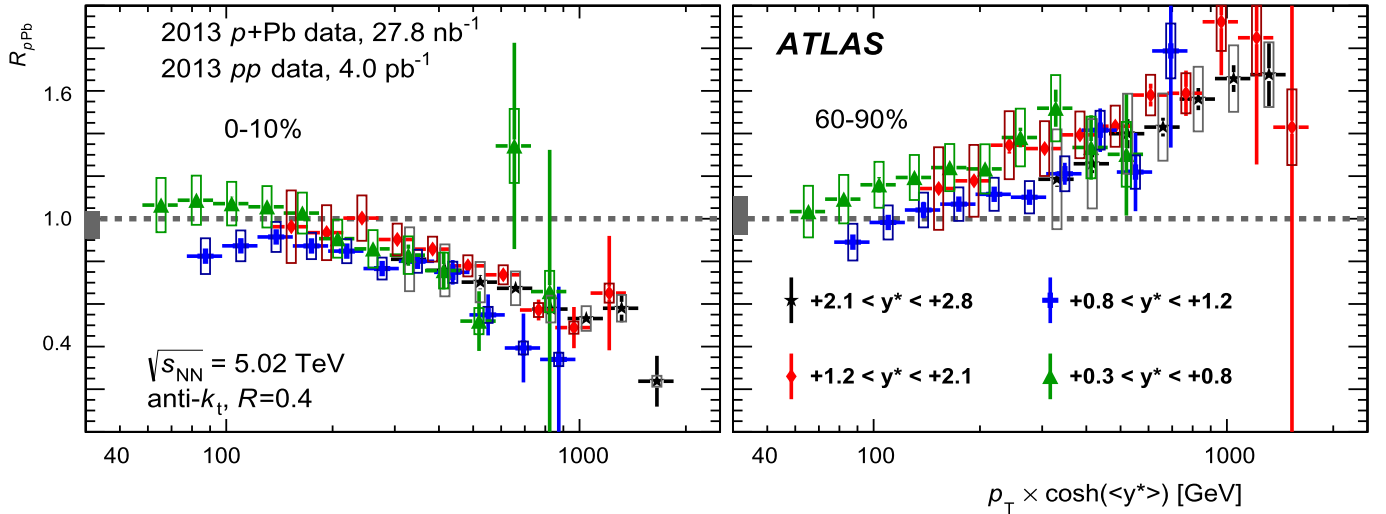


Fig. 7. Measured R_{pPb} values for $R=0.4$ jets in $p+Pb$ collisions displayed for multiple rapidity ranges, showing 0–10% events in the left panel and 60–90% events in the right panel. The R_{pPb} at each rapidity is plotted as a function of $p_T \times \cosh(\langle y^* \rangle)$, where $\langle y^* \rangle$ is the midpoint of the rapidity bin. Vertical error bars represent the statistical uncertainty while the boxes represent the systematic uncertainties on the jet yields. The shaded box at the left edge of the $R_{pPb}=1$ horizontal line indicates the systematic uncertainty on T_{pA} and the pp luminosity added in quadrature.

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ATLAS Collaboration

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